

# **CHUNG PAK**

## **Alkaline Manganese Button Cell L1154**

### 1 · Scope

The specification is applicable to the "VINNIC" brand Alkaline Manganese Button Cell L1154 supplied by CHUNG PAK BATTERY WORKS LTD.

### 2 · Kind of Products Specified

Name (Designation): L1154

IEC Designation: LR44

### 3 · Technical Specification

3.1 Dimension:

Height (H)  $5.4^{+0}_{-0.4}$  mm

Diameter ( $\phi$ ) 11.6  $^{+0}_{-0.25}$  mm

3.2 Average Weight: 1.9 g

3.3 Nominal Voltage: 1.5 V

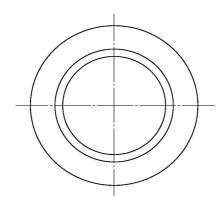
3.4 Nominal Capacity: 180 mAh (Discharge at  $1K\Omega$  to 0.9V)

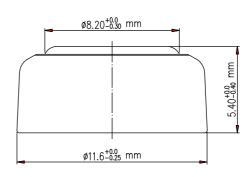
3.5 Typical Discharge Duration : 145 hrs (Discharge at  $1K\Omega$  to 0.9V)

600 hrs (Discharge at  $6.8 \text{K}\Omega$  to 1.2 V)

68 hrs (Discharge at  $500\Omega$  to 0.8V)

3.6 Outside Shape Dimensions and Terminals:





## 4 · Performance

#### 4.1 Open-circuit Voltage:

Initial	1.55 – 1.65 V
After12 Months Storage	1.50 – 1.60 V

#### 4.2 Service Out-put:

Load Resistance	500Ω	1 <b>K</b> Ω	6.8 KΩ
Discharge Method	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously
End-point Voltage	0.8 V	0.9 V	1.2 V
Minimum Duration (Initial)	62 Hrs	135 Hrs	550 Hrs
Minimum Duration (After12 Months Storage)	56 Hrs	120 Hrs	500 Hrs

Remark: The word "initial" is applicable to the products elapsed three months or less after production.

4.3 High Temperature Electrolyte Leakage Resistance:

No deformation and no external electrolyte leakage shall be observed.

4.4 Expiry period: One year.

## 5 · Brand and packaging

Any specific design and packing requirements will be accommodated as required.



## 6. Safety instructions

Warning	Danger	
Don't throw the batteries into fire or heat the batteries	This may cause the batteries to ignite or disrupt	
Don't directly solder the batteries	This may damage their insulating tapes and protective installation	
Don't use the batteries with the $\oplus$ and the $\ominus$ electrode inverse	This can damage the batteries for being over-charged or over-discharged, even may cause leakage, heat generation, disrupt, or ignition	
Don't expose the batteries to water	This can cause heat generation or rust	
Don't charge batteries	This may result in venting, leakage, explosion and/or possibly fire	
Don't disassemble or damage the external tubes of the batteries or modify the batteries (stack-up batteries) etc.	This easily results in short-circuit, leakage, even ignition	
Immediately stop using the batteries if leakage, discolor or etc. with them are detected	This may cause accidents to occur	
Don't drop or strongly strike the batteries	This may result in leakage, heat generation, disrupt, even ignition	
Be sure to use the batteries within a temperature range from $0^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ to $40^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	Charge the batteries beyond the temperature range may cause leakage, heat, generation, impaired performance, and shortening of service life of the batteries	
Don't use old batteries with new ones	This may cause short-circuit or heat generation	
Don't use our batteries with any other type or brand of batteries	Mixed-matching of batteries may result in leakage, heat generation and bursting	
Keep the batteries out of the reach of children	To avoid being swallowed. If swallowed, please see doctor immediately	

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#### Appendix 1: Test

#### 1. Storage and Test Conditions for Samples

Unless otherwise specified, the storage conditions for samples shall be, as a general rule, at the temperature of  $20\pm2^{\circ}$ C and the humidity of  $65\pm20\%$ .

#### 2. Measuring Instruments

- 2.1 Voltmeter: The accuracy of the voltmeter shall be within 0.005V for each 1.5V. The resistance of the measuring instrument shall be at least 10 times the discharge resistance but with a minimum of 1 M ohms per volt of the scale.
- 2.2 Load Resistance : The load resistance shall include all of the external circuit, and its allowance shall be within  $\pm 0.5\%$ .
- 2.3 Caliper: The caliper shall be the one having precision of 0.02 millimeters or the one having the same or superior precision to this.

#### 3. Test Method

- 3.1 Dimensions: Measurements shall be made by use of the calipers.
- 3.2 Appearance: Examination shall be carried out by visual inspection.
- 3.3 Open-circuit Voltage: Measurements shall be carried out before the start of discharge of the sample by use of the voltmeter.
- 3.4 Service Out-put

Discharge Start Time: After leaving in an atmosphere at a temperature of 20±2°C

for at least 8 hours or more.

Discharge Method: As defined in 4.2, page 2.

Discharge End-point: The instant when the closed-circuit voltage has reached below

the end-point voltage(as defined in 4.2, page 2).

3.5 High Temperature Electrolyte Leakage Resistance

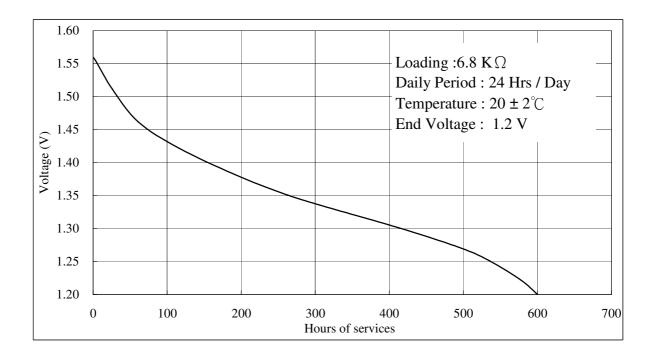
The following conditions shall be adopted for the test:

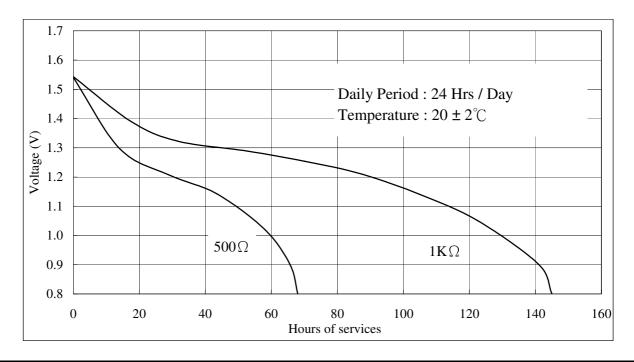
- (1) Test temperature and humidity :  $45\pm2^{\circ}$ C, below 70%RH.
- (2) Test period: Leave to stand still 30 days.



### Appendix 2 : Discharge Characteristics

Standard Discharge Curve:







#### Temperature Characteristic:

